


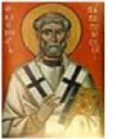
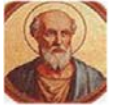



















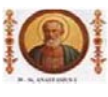

# POPES FROM ST. PETER



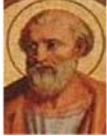




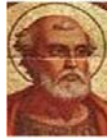


(Chronological list of popes from St. Peter to Francis-I)













Sl. No.	Papal Name	Photo	Elected Date	Died Date	Place of birth	Notes
<b>1st Century</b>						
1	St Peter		-	67	Bethsaida, Galilee	Disciple of Jesus from whom he received the keys to the Kingdom of Heaven, according to Matthew 16:18–19 . Executed by crucifixion upside-down; feast day (Feast of Saints Peter and Paul) 29 June, (Chair of Saint Peter) 22 February. Recognized as the first Bishop of Rome (Pope) appointed by Christ, by the Catholic Church. Also revered as saint in Eastern Christianity, with a feast day of 29 June.
2	St Linus		67	76	Tuscia (Central Tuscany)	Pope Saint Linus was, according to several early sources, Bishop of the diocese of Rome after Saint Peter. This makes Linus the second Pope. Linus is the only person specifically mentioned in the New Testament, other than Peter, considered by the Catholic Church to have held the position of Pope.
3	St Anacletus		76	88	Probably Greece	Martyred; feast day 26 April. Once erroneously split into Cletus and Anacletus.
4	St Clement I		88	97	Rome	Feast day 23 November. Also revered as a saint in Eastern Christianity, with a feast day of 25 November.
5	St Evaristus		97	105	Bethlehem, Judea	Feast day 26 October
<b>2nd Century</b>						
6	St Alexander I		105	115	Rome	Also revered as a saint in Eastern Christianity, with a feast day of 16 March.
7	St Sixtus I		115	125	Rome or Greece	Also revered as a saint in Eastern Christianity, with a feast day of 10 August.
8	St Telesphorus		125	136	Greece	
9	St Hyginus		136	140	Greece	Traditionally martyred; feast day 11 January




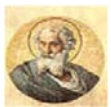






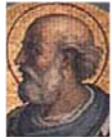

Sl. No.	Papal Name	Photo	Elected Date	Died Date	Place of birth	Notes
10	St Pius I		140	155	Aquileia, Friuli, Italy	Martyred by sword; feast day 11 July
11	St Anicetus		155	166	Emesa, Syria	Traditionally martyred; feast day 17 April
12	St Soter		166	175	Fondi, Latium, Italy	Traditionally martyred; feast day 22 April
13	St Eleuterus		175	189	Nicopoli, Epyrus	Traditionally martyred; feast day 6 May
14	St Victor I		189	199	Northern Africa	
15	St Zephyrinus		199	217	Rome	
<b>3rd Century</b>						
16	St Callixtus I		217	222	Spain	Martyred; feast day 14 October
17	St Urban I		222	230	Rome	Also revered as a saint in Eastern Christianity, with a feast day of 25 May.
18	St Pontian		21 July 230	28 September 235	Rome	First pope with firm dates of office[citation needed]
19	St Anterus		21 November 235	3 January 236	Greece	Also revered as a saint in Eastern Christianity, with a feast day of 5 August.
20	St Fabian		10 January 236	20 January 250	Rome	Feast day 20 January. Also revered as a saint in Eastern Christianity, with a feast day of 5 August.

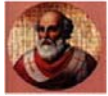












Sl. No.	Papal Name	Photo	Elected Date	Died Date	Place of birth	Notes
21	St Cornelius		6/11 March 251	June 253		Died a martyr, through extreme hardship; feast day 16 September
22	St Lucius I		25 June 253	5 March 254	Rome	Feast day 4 March
23	St Stephen I		12 May 254	2 August 257	Rome	Martyred by beheading; feast day 2 August. Also revered as a saint in Eastern Christianity, with the same feast day.
24	St Sixtus II		30/31 August 257	6 August 258	Greece	Martyred by beheading. Also revered as a saint in Eastern Christianity, with a feast day of 10 August.
25	St Dionysius		22 July 259	26 December 268	Greece	Feast day 26 December
26	St Felix I		5 January 269	30 December 274	Rome	
27	St Eutychian		4 January 275	7 December 283		
28	St Caius		17 December 283	22 April 296		Martyred (according to legend) Feast day 22 April. Also revered as a saint in Eastern Christianity, with a feast day of 11 August.
29	St Marcellinus		30 June 296	1 April 304		Feast day 26 April. Also revered as a saint in Eastern Christianity, with a feast day of 7 June.

Sl. No.	Papal Name	Photo	Elected Date	Died Date	Place of birth	Notes
<b>4th Century</b>						
30	St Marcellus I		308	309		
31	St Eusebius		309	310		
32	St Miltiades		2 July 311	10 January 314	Africa	First pope after the end of the persecution of Christians through the Edict of Milan (313 AD) issued by Constantine the Great
33	St Sylvester I		31 January 314	31 December 335	Sant'Angelo a Scala, Avellino	Feast day 31 December. Also revered as a saint in Eastern Christianity, with a feast day of 2 January. First Council of Nicaea, 325.
34	St Mark		18 January 336	7 October 336	Rome	Feast day 7 October
35	St Julius I		6 February 337	12 April 352	Rome	
36	Liberius		17 May 352	24 September 366		Earliest Pope not yet canonized by the Roman Church. Revered as a saint in Eastern Christianity, with a feast day of 27 August.
37	St Damasus I		1 October 366	11 December 384	Idanha-a-Velha, Portugal	Patron of Jerome, commissioned the Vulgate translation of the Bible. Council of Rome, 382. Convinced Emperor Gratian (366) to confer the ancient, pagan title of Pontifex Maximus upon the Bishop of Rome.
-	Ursinoos		366	367		Considered as antipope and not in list.
38	St Siricius		11 December 384	26 November 399		First Bishop of Rome to employ the title "Papa" ("Pope")
39	St Anastasius I		27 November 399	19 December 401		
<b>5th Century</b>						
40	St Innocent I		22 December 401	12 March 417		Visigoth Sack of Rome (410) under Alaric
41	St Zosimus		18 March 417	26 December 418		

Sl. No.	Papal Name	Photo	Elected Date	Died Date	Place of birth	Notes
42	St Boniface I		28 December 418	4 September 422		
43	St Celestine I		10 September 422	27 July 432	Rome, Western Roman Empire	Also revered as a saint in Eastern Christianity, with a feast day of 8 April.
44	St Sixtus III		31 July 432	19 August 440		
45	St Leo I		29 September 440	10 November 461	Rome	Convinced Attila the Hun to turn back his invasion of Italy. Feast day 10 November. Also revered as a saint in Eastern Christianity, with a feast day of 18 February.
46	St Hilarius		19 November 461	29 February 468	Sardinia, Western Roman Empire	
47	St Simplicius		3 March 468	10 March 483	Tivoli, Italy	
48	St Felix III (Felix II)		13 March 483	1 March 492	Rome	Sometimes called Felix II
49	St Gelasius I		1 March 492	21 November 496	Africa	
50	Anastasius II		24 November 496	19 November 498		
51	St Symmachus		22 November 498	19 July 514	Sardinia	
















Sl. No.	Papal Name	Photo	Elected Date	Died Date	Place of birth	Notes
<b>6th Century</b>						
52	St Hormisdas		20 July 514	19 July 523	Frosinone, Southern Latium, Italy	Father of Pope Silverius
53	St John I		13 August 523	18 May 526	Tuscany	
54	St Felix IV (Felix III)		13 July 526	22 September 530	Samnium	Sometimes called Felix III
55	Boniface II		22 September 530	17 October 532	Rome to Ostrogoth parents	
56	John II		2 January 533	8 May 535	Rome	First pope to not use personal name. This was due to Mercury being a Roman god.
57	St Agapetus I		13 May 535	22 April 536	Rome, Ostrogothic Kingdom	Feast days 22 April, 20 September. Also revered as a saint in Eastern Christianity, with a feast day of 17 April.
58	St Silverius		1 June 536	11 November 537		Exiled; feast day 20 June, son of Pope Hormisdas
59	Vigilius		29 March 537	7 June 555	Rome	
60	Pelagius I		16 April 556	4 March 561	Rome	
61	John III		17 July 561	13 July 574	Rome, Eastern Roman Empire	
62	Benedict I		2 June 575	30 July 579		
63	Pelagius II		26 November 579	7 February 590	Rome	

Sl. No.	Papal Name	Photo	Elected Date	Died Date	Place of birth	Notes
64	St Gregory I, O.S.B.(Gregory the Great)		3 September 590	12 March 604	Rome	First to formally employ the titles "Servus servorum Dei" and "Pontifex Maximus". Feast day 3 September. Also revered as a saint in Eastern Christianity, with a feast day of 12 March.
<b>7th Century</b>						
65	Sabinian		13 September 604	22 February 606	Blera	
66	Boniface III		19 February 607	12 November 607	Rome	
67	St Boniface IV, O.S.B.		25 August 608	8 May 615	Marsi	First Pope to bear the same name as his predecessor. Member of the Order of Saint Benedict.
68	St Adeodatus I		19 October 615	8 November 618	Rome	Sometimes called Deusdedit, and then Pope Adeodatus II is called Pope Adeodatus without a number
69	Boniface V		23 December 619	25 October 625	Naples	
70	Honorius I		27 October 625	12 October 638	Campania, Byzantine Empire	
71	Severinus		October 638	2 August 640	Rome	
72	John IV		24 December 640	12 October 642	Zadar, Dalmatia, now Croatia	
73	Theodore I		24 November 642	14 May 649	Palestine	
74	St Martin I		July 649	16 September 655	Near Todi, Umbria, Byzantine Empire	Feast Day 12 November. Also revered as a saint in Eastern Christianity, with a feast day of 14 April.
75	St Eugene I		10 August 654	2 June 657	Rome	
76	St Vitalian		30 July 657	27 January 672	Segni, Byzantine Empire	









Sl. No.	Papal Name	Photo	Elected Date	Died Date	Place of birth	Notes
77	Adeodatus II, O.S.B.		11 April 672	17 June 676	Rome, Byzantine Empire	Sometimes called Pope Adeodatus (without a number) when Pope Adeodatus I is called Pope Deusdedit. Member of the Order of Saint Benedict.
78	Donus		2 November 676	11 April 678	Rome, Byzantine Empire	
79	St Agatho		27 June 678	10 January 681	Sicily	Also revered as a saint in Eastern Christianity, with a feast day of 20 February.
80	St Leo II		December 681	3 July 683	Sicily	Feast day 3 July
81	St Benedict II		26 June 684	8 May 685	Rome, Byzantine Empire	Feast day 7 May
82	John V		12 July 685	2 August 686	Syria	
83	Conon		21 October 686	22 September 687		
84	St Sergius I		15 December 687	8 September 701	Sicily	
<b>8th Century</b>						
85	John VI		30 October 701	11 January 705	Greece	
86	John VII		1 March 705	18 October 707	Greece	Second pope to bear the same name as his predecessor
87	Sisinnius		15 January 708	4 February 708	Syria	
88	Constantine		25 March 708	9 April 715	Syria	Last pope to visit Greece until John Paul II in 2001
89	St Gregory II		19 May 715	11 February 731	Rome, Byzantine Empire	Feast day 11 February
90	St Gregory III		18 March 731	28 November 741	Syria	Third pope to bear the same name as his predecessor
















Sl. No.	Papal Name	Photo	Elected Date	Died Date	Place of birth	Notes
91	St Zachary		3 December 741	15 March 752	Greece	Feast day 15 March
-	Pope-elect Stephen		23 March 752	25 March 752		Sometimes known as Stephen II. Died three days after his election having never received episcopal consecration. Some lists still include his name. The Vatican sanctioned his addition to the list of popes in the sixteenth century, however he was removed in 1961. He is no longer considered a pope by the Catholic Church.
92	Stephen II (Stephen III)		26 March 752	26 April 757		Sometimes called Stephen III
93	St Paul I		29 May 757	28 June 767	Rome	
94	Stephen III (Stephen IV)		7 August 767	24 January 772	Sicily	Sometimes called Stephen IV
95	Adrian I		1 February 772	26 December 795	Rome	
96	St Leo III		26 December 795	12 June 816	Rome	Crowned Charlemagne Emperor Augustus on Christmas Day, 800, thereby initiating what would become the office of Holy Roman Emperor requiring the imprimatur of the pope for its legitimacy.
<b>9th Century</b>						
97	Stephen IV (Stephen V)		12 June 816	24 January 817		
98	St Paschal I		25 January 817	11 February 824	Rome	
99	Eugene II		8 May 824	August 827	Rome	
100	Valentine		August 827	September 827	Rome	
101	Gregory IV		827	January 844	Rome	
102	Sergius II		January 844	7 January 847	Rome	

Sl. No.	Papal Name	Photo	Elected Date	Died Date	Place of birth	Notes
103	St Leo IV, O.S.B.		January 847	17 July 855	Rome	Member of the Order of Saint Benedict.
104	Benedict III		855	7 April 858	Rome	
105	St Nicholas I		24 April 858	13 November 867	Rome	
106	Adrian II		14 December 867	14 December 872	Rome	
107	John VIII		14 December 872	16 December 882	Rome	
108	Marinus I		16 December 882	15 May 884	Gallese, Rome	
109	St Adrian III		17 May 884	September 885	Rome	
110	Stephen V (Stephen VI)		885	14 September 891	Rome	Sometimes called Stephen VI
111	Formosus		19 September 891	4 April 896	Ostia	Posthumously ritually executed following the Cadaver Synod
112	Boniface VI		4 April 896	19 April 896	Rome	
113	Stephen VI (Stephen VII)		22 May 896	August 897		Sometimes called Stephen VII
114	Romanus		August 897	November 897	Gallese, Rome	
115	Theodore II		November 897	December 897	Rome	
116	John IX, O.S.B.		January 898	January 900	Tivoli	Member of the Order of Saint Benedict.
117	Benedict IV		May 900	903	Rome	
<b>10th Century</b>						

Sl. No.	Papal Name	Photo	Elected Date	Died Date	Place of birth	Notes
118	Leo V		July 903	September 903	Ardea	
119	Sergius III		29 January 904	14 April 911	Rome	"Saeculum obscurum" begins
120	Anastasius III		April 911	June 913	Rome	
121	Lando		August 913	March 914	Sabina, Italy	
122	John X		March 914	May 928	Romagna, Italy	
123	Leo VI		May 928	December 928	Rome	
124	Stephen VII (Stephen VIII)		December 928	February 931	Rome	Sometimes called Stephen VIII
125	John XI		March 931	December 935	Rome	
126	Leo VII, O.S.B.		3 January 936	13 July 939		Member of the Order of Saint Benedict.
127	Stephen VIII (Stephen IX)		14 July 939	October 942	Germany	Sometimes called Stephen IX
128	Marinus II		30 October 942	May 946	Rome	
129	Agapetus II		10 May 946	December 955	Rome	
130	John XII		16 December 955	14 May 964	Rome	Deposed in 963 by Emperor Otto invalidly; end of the "Saeculum obscurum"
131	Benedict V		22 May 964	23 June 964	Rome	Elected after John XII's death by the people of Rome, in opposition to the Antipope Leo VIII who was appointed by Emperor Otto; Benedict accepted his deposition in 964 leaving Leo as sole pope.







Sl. No.	Papal Name	Photo	Elected Date	Died Date	Place of birth	Notes
132	Leo VIII		July 964	1 March 965	Rome	Appointed antipope by Emperor Otto in 963 in opposition to John XII and Benedict V. He became the true Pope after Benedict V was deposed
133	John XIII		1 October 965	6 September 972	Rome	
134	Benedict VI		19 January 973	June 974	Rome, Papal States	Deposed and murdered
135	Benedict VII		October 974	10 July 983	Rome	
136	John XIV		December 983	20 August 984	Pavia	
137	John XV		August 985	March 996	Rome	
138	Gregory V		3 May 996	18 February 999	Germany, Holy Roman Empire	First German Pope
139	Sylvester II		2 April 999	12 May 1003	Auvergne region of France	First French Pope

Sl. No.	Papal Name	Photo	Elected Date	Died Date	Place of birth	Notes
<b>11th Century</b>						
140	John XVII		June 1003	December 1003	Rome, Papal States	
141	John XVIII		25 December 1003	July 1009	Rapagnano, Papal States	
142	Sergius IV		31 July 1009	12 May 1012	Rome, Papal States, Holy Roman Empire	
143	Benedict VIII		18 May 1012	9 April 1024	Rome, Papal States, Holy Roman Empire	
144	John XIX		19 April 1024	20 October 1032	Rome, Papal States, Holy Roman Empire	
145	Benedict IX		21 October 1032	10 September 1044	Rome, Papal States, Holy Roman Empire	1st Term
146	Sylvester III		20 January 1045	10 March 1045	Rome, Papal States, Holy Roman Empire	Validity of election questioned; considered Anti-Pope; deposed at the Council of Sutri.
147	Benedict IX		5 May 1045	20 December 1046	Rome, Papal States, Holy Roman Empire	2nd Term; deposed at the Council of Sutri
148	Gregory VI		5 May 1045	20 December 1046	Rome, Papal States, Holy Roman Empire	Deposed at the Council of Sutri
149	Clement II		24 December 1046	9 October 1047	Hornburg, Duchy of Saxony, Holy Roman Empire	
150	Benedict IX		November 1047	1048	Rome, Papal States, Holy Roman Empire	3rd Term; deposed and excommunicated
151	Damasus II		17 July 1048	9 August 1048	Pildenau, Duchy of Bavaria, Holy Roman Empire	
152	St Leo IX		12 February 1049	19 April 1054	Eguisheim, Swabia, Holy Roman Empire	Pope Saint Leo IX was Pope from February 12, 1049 to his death. He was a German aristocrat and as well as being Pope was a powerful secular ruler of central Italy. Leo IX is widely considered the most historically significant German Pope of the Middle Ages.

Sl. No.	Papal Name	Photo	Elected Date	Died Date	Place of birth	Notes
153	Victor II		13 April 1055	28 July 1057	Kingdom of Germany, Holy Roman Empire	
154	Stephen IX (Stephen X), O.S.B.		2 August 1057	29 March 1058	Duchy of Lorraine, Holy Roman Empire	Sometimes called Stephen X. Member of the Order of Saint Benedict.
155	Nicholas II		6 December 1058	27 July 1061	Château de Chevron, Kingdom of Arles	
156	Alexander II		30 September 1061	21 April 1073	Milan, Italy, Holy Roman Empire	
157	St Gregory VII, O.S.B.		22 April 1073	25 May 1085	Sovana, Italy, Holy Roman Empire	Restricted the use of title "Papa" to the Bishop of Rome. Member of the Order of Saint Benedict.
158	Bd. Victor III, O.S.B.		24 May 1086	16 September 1087	Benevento, Duchy of Benevento	Member of the Order of Saint Benedict.
159	Bd. Urban II, O.S.B.		12 March 1088	29 July 1099	Lagery, County of Champagne, France	Started the First Crusade. Member of the Order of Saint Benedict.
160	Paschal II, O.S.B.		13 August 1099	21 January 1118	Bleda, Papal States, Holy Roman Empire	Member of the Order of Saint Benedict.
<b>12th Century</b>						
161	Gelasius II, O.S.B.		24 January 1118	28 January 1119	Gaeta, Principality of Capua	Member of the Order of Saint Benedict.
162	Callixtus II		2 February 1119	13 December 1124	Quingey, County of Burgundy, Holy Roman Empire	Opened the First Council of the Lateran in 1123
163	Honorius II, Can.Reg.		15 December 1124	13 February 1130	Fiagnano, Papal States, Holy Roman Empire	Canon Regular of S. Maria di San Reno
164	Innocent II, Can.Reg.		14 February 1130	24 September 1143	Rome, Papal States, Holy Roman Empire	Canon Regular of Lateran; Convened the Second Council of the Lateran, 1139
165	Celestine II		26 September 1143	8 March 1144	Città di Castello, Papal States, Holy Roman Empire	
166	Lucius II, Can.Reg.		12 March 1144	15 February 1145	Bologna, Papal States, Holy Roman Empire	Canon Regular of S. Frediano di Lucca














Sl. No.	Papal Name	Photo	Elected Date	Died Date	Place of birth	Notes
167	<b>Bd. Eugene III, O.Cist.</b>		15 February 1145	8 July 1153	Pisa, Republic of Pisa, Holy Roman Empire	Member of the Order of Cistercians.
168	<b>Anastasius IV</b>		8 July 1153	3 December 1154	Rome, Papal States, Holy Roman Empire	
169	<b>Adrian IV, O.S.A.</b>		4 December 1154	1 September 1159	Abbots Langley, Hertfordshire, Kingdom of England	First and only English pope; purportedly granted Ireland to Henry II, King of England. Member of the Order of St Augustine.
170	<b>Alexander III</b>		7 September 1159	30 August 1181	Siena, Italy, Holy Roman Empire	Convened the Third Council of the Lateran, 1179
171	<b>Lucius III</b>		1 September 1181	25 November 1185	Lucca, Italy, Holy Roman Empire	
172	<b>Urban III</b>		25 November 1185	19 October 1187	Cuggiono, Italy, Holy Roman Empire	
173	<b>Gregory VIII, Can.Reg.</b>		21 October 1187	17 December 1187	Benevento, Papal States, Holy Roman Empire	Canon Regular Premostratense. Proposed the Third Crusade
174	<b>Clement III</b>		19 December 1187	20 March 1191[4]	Rome, Papal States, Holy Roman Empire	
175	<b>Celestine III</b>		21 March 1191	8 January 1198	Rome, Papal States, Holy Roman Empire	
176	<b>Innocent III</b>		8 January 1198	16 July 1216	Gavignano, Papal States, Holy Roman Empire	Convened the Fourth Council of the Lateran, 1215. Initiated the Fourth Crusade. Initiated the medieval Inquisition in Spain and Portugal.
<b>13th Century</b>						
177	<b>Honorius III</b>		18 July 1216	18 March 1227	Rome, Papal States, Holy Roman Empire	Initiated the Fifth Crusade.
178	<b>Gregory IX</b>		19 March 1227	22 August 1241	Anagni, Papal States, Holy Roman Empire	Canonized Elisabeth of Hungary, 1235. Initiated the Inquisition in France.
179	<b>Celestine IV</b>		25 October 1241	10 November 1241	Milan, Italy, Holy Roman Empire	Died before coronation.













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180	Innocent IV		25 June 1243	7 December 1254	Genoa, Republic of Genoa, Holy Roman Empire	Convened the First Council of Lyons, 1245
181	Alexander IV		12 December 1254	25 May 1261	Jenne, Papal States, Holy Roman Empire	
182	Urban IV		29 August 1261	2 October 1264	Troyes, County of Champagne, France	
183	Clement IV		5 February 1265	29 November 1268	Saint-Gilles, Languedoc, France	
-	Interregnum		29 November 1268	1 September 1271		Almost 3 year period without a valid pope elected. This was due to a deadlock among cardinals voting for the pope.
184	Bd. Gregory X		1 September 1271	10 January 1276	Piacenza, Italy, Holy Roman Empire	Convened the Second Council of Lyons, 1274.
185	Bd. Innocent V, O.P.		21 January 1276	22 June 1276	County of Savoy, Holy Roman Empire	Member of the Dominican Order.
186	Adrian V		11 July 1276	18 August 1276	Genoa, Republic of Genoa, Holy Roman Empire	
187	John XXI		8 September 1276	20 May 1277	Lisbon, Portugal	Due to a confusion over the numbering of popes named John in the 13th century, there was no John XX. Killed in the collapse of his scientific laboratory
188	Nicholas III		25 November 1277	22 August 1280	Rome, Papal States, Holy Roman Empire	
189	Martin IV		22 February 1281	28 March 1285	Meinpicien, Touraine, France	
190	Honorius IV		2 April 1285	3 April 1287	Rome, Papal States, Holy Roman Empire	
191	Nicholas IV, O.F.M.		22 February 1288	4 April 1292	Lisciano, Papal States, Holy Roman Empire	Member of the Franciscan Order.








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-	Interregnum		4 April 1292	5 July 1294		2 year period without a valid pope elected. This was due to a deadlock among cardinals voting for the pope.
192	St Celestine V, O.S.B.		5 July 1294	13 December 1294	Sant' Angelo Limosano, Kingdom of Sicily	One of the few popes who resigned. Member of the Order of Saint Benedict.
193	Boniface VIII		24 December 1294	11 October 1303	Anagni, Papal States, Holy Roman Empire	
<b>14th Century</b>						
194	Bd. Benedict XI, O.P.		22 October 1303	7 July 1304	Treviso, Italy, Holy Roman Empire	Member of the Dominican Order.
195	Clement V		5 June 1305	20 April 1314	Villandraut, Gascony, France	Pope at Avignon. Convened the Council of Vienne, 1311–1312. Initiated the persecution of the Knights Templar with the Pastoralis Praeeminentiae under pressure from King Philip IV of France.
-	Interregnum		20 April 1314	7 August 1316		2 year period without a valid pope elected. This was due to a deadlock among cardinals voting for the pope.
196	John XXII		7 August 1316	4 December 1334	Cahors, Quercy, France	Pope at Avignon
197	Benedict XII, O.Cist.		20 December 1334	25 April 1342	Saverdun, County of Foix, France	Pope at Avignon. Member of the Order of Cistercians.
198	Clement VI, O.S.B.		7 May 1342	6 December 1352	Maumont, Limousin, France	Pope at Avignon
199	Innocent VI		18 December 1352	12 September 1362	Les Monts, Limousin, France	Pope at Avignon
200	Bd. Urban V, O.S.B.		28 September 1362	19 December 1370	Grizac, Languedoc, France	Pope at Avignon. Member of the Order of Saint Benedict.
201	Gregory XI		30 December 1370	26 March 1378	Maumont, Limousin, France	Pope at Avignon; returns to Rome; last French Pope
202	Urban VI		8 April 1378	15 October 1389	Naples, Kingdom of Naples	Western Schism




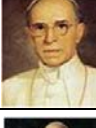






Sl. No.	Papal Name	Photo	Elected Date	Died Date	Place of birth	Notes
203	Boniface IX		2 November 1389	1 October 1404	Naples, Kingdom of Naples	Western Schism
<b>15th Century</b>						
204	Innocent VII		17 October 1404	6 November 1406	Sulmona, Kingdom of Naples	
205	Gregory XII		30 November 1406	4 July 1415	Venice, Republic of Venice	Western Schism; abdicated during the Council of Constance, which had been called by his opponent John XXIII.
-	Interregnum		4 July 1415	11 November 1417		
206	Martin V		11 November 1417	20 February 1431	Genazzano, Papal States	
207	Eugene IV, O.S.A.		3 March 1431	23 February 1447	Venice, Republic of Venice	Member of the Augustinian Order. Crowned Sigismund emperor at Rome in 1433. Transferred the Council of Basel to Ferrara. It was later transferred again, to Florence, because of the Bubonic plague.
208	Nicholas V		6 March 1447	24 March 1455	Sarzana, Republic of Genoa	
209	Callixtus III		8 April 1455	6 August 1458	Xàtiva, Kingdom of Valencia, Crown of Aragon	
210	Pius II		19 August 1458	15 August 1464	Corsignano, Republic of Siena	
211	Paul II		30 August 1464	26 July 1471	Venice, Republic of Venice	Nephew of Eugene IV
212	Sixtus IV, O.F.M.		9 August 1471	12 August 1484	Celle Ligure, Republic of Genoa	Member of the Franciscan Order. Commissioned the Sistine Chapel. Authorized an Inquisition targeting converted (Jewish) Christians in Spain, at the request of Queen Isabella and King Ferdinand.
213	Innocent VIII		29 August 1484	25 July 1492	Genoa, Republic of Genoa	Appointed Tomás de Torquemada
214	Alexander VI		11 August 1492	18 August 1503	Xàtiva, Kingdom of Valencia, Crown of Aragon	Nephew of Callixtus III. Father to Cesare Borgia and Lucrezia Borgia. Divided the extra-European world between Spain and Portugal in 1493 by the Bull Inter caetera.
<b>16th Century</b>						

Sl. No.	Papal Name	Photo	Elected Date	Died Date	Place of birth	Notes
215	Pius III		22 September 1503	18 October 1503	Siena, Republic of Siena	Nephew of Pius II
216	Julius II		31 October 1503	21 February 1513	Albisola, Republic of Genoa	Nephew of Sixtus IV; Convened the Fifth Council of the Lateran, 1512. Took effective control of the whole territory of the Papal States for the first time. Commissioned Michelangelo to paint the Sistine Chapel ceiling. Proposed plans for rebuilding of St P
217	Leo X		9 March 1513	1 December 1521	Florence, Republic of Florence	Son of Lorenzo the Magnificent. Excommunicated Martin Luther. Extended the Spanish Inquisition into Portugal.
218	Adrian VI		9 January 1522	14 September 1523	Utrecht, Bishopric of Utrecht, Holy Roman Empire (presently The Netherlands)	The only Dutch pope. Last non-Italian to be elected pope until John Paul II in 1978. The tutor of Emperor Charles V
219	Clement VII		26 November 1523	25 September 1534	Florence, Republic of Florence	Cousin of Leo X. Rome plundered by imperial troops ("Sacco di Roma"), 1527. He forbade the divorce of Henry VIII and crowned Charles V Emperor at Bologna in 1530. His niece Catherine de' Medici was married to the future Henry II of France.
220	Paul III		13 October 1534	10 November 1549	Canino, Lazio, Papal States	Opened the Council of Trent in 1545. His illegitimate son became the first Duke of Parma.
221	Julius III		7 February 1550	29 March 1555	Rome, Papal States	
222	Marcellus II		9 April 1555	30 April or 1 May 1555	Montefano, Marche, Papal States	Last to use birth name as regnal name
223	Paul IV, C.R.		23 May 1555	18 August 1559	Capriglia Irpina, Campania, Kingdom of Naples	
224	Pius IV		26 December 1559	9 December 1565	Milan, Duchy of Milan	Reopened the Council of Trent, 1562, it concluded its proceedings in 1563
225	St Pius V, O.P.		7 January 1566	1 May 1572	Bosco, Duchy of Milan	Member of the Dominican Order. Excommunicated Elizabeth I of England, 1570. Victory of Lepanto 1571
226	Gregory XIII		13 May 1572	10 April 1585	Bologna, Papal States	Reform of the calendar 1582

Sl. No.	Papal Name	Photo	Elected Date	Died Date	Place of birth	Notes
227	Sixtus V, O.F.M. Conv.		24 April 1585	27 August 1590	Grottammare, Marche, Papal States	Member of the Conventual Franciscan Order.
228	Urban VII		15 September 1590	27 September 1590	Rome, Papal States	Shortest-reigning pope; died before coronation.
229	Gregory XIV		5 December 1590	15/16 October 1591	Somma Lombardo, Duchy of Milan	
230	Innocent IX		29 October 1591	30 December 1591	Bologna, Papal States	
231	Clement VIII		30 January 1592	3 March 1605	Fano, Marche, Papal States	
<b>17th Century</b>						
232	Leo XI		1 April 1605	27 April 1605	Florence, Duchy of Florence	
233	Paul V		16 May 1605	28 January 1621	Rome, Papal States	Known for building projects, including the facade of St Peter's Basilica.
234	Gregory XV		9 February 1621	8 July 1623	Bologna, Papal States	
235	Urban VIII		6 August 1623	29 July 1644	Florence, Grand Duchy of Tuscany	Trial against Galileo Galilei
236	Innocent X		15 September 1644	7 January 1655	Rome, Papal States	
237	Alexander VII		7 April 1655	22 May 1667	Siena, Grand Duchy of Tuscany	
238	Clement IX		20 June 1667	9 December 1669	Pistoia, Grand Duchy of Tuscany	
239	Clement X		29 April 1670	22 July 1676	Rome, Papal States	

Sl. No.	Papal Name	Photo	Elected Date	Died Date	Place of birth	Notes
240	Bd. Innocent XI		21 September 1676	12 August 1689	Como, Duchy of Milan	
241	Alexander VIII		6 October 1689	1 February 1691	Venice, Republic of Venice	
242	Innocent XII		12 July 1691	27 September 1700	Spinazzola, Kingdom of Naples	
243	Clement XI		23 November 1700	19 March 1721	Urbino, Marche, Papal States	Chinese Rites controversy
<b>18th Century</b>						
244	Innocent XIII		8 May 1721	7 March 1724	Poli, Lazio, Papal States	
245	Benedict XIII, O.P.		29 May 1724	21 February 1730	Gravina in Puglia, Kingdom of Naples	Member of the Dominican Order.
246	Clement XII		12 July 1730	6 February 1740	Florence, Grand Duchy of Tuscany	
247	Benedict XIV		17 August 1740	3 May 1758	Bologna, Papal States	
248	Clement XIII		6 July 1758	2 February 1769	Venice, Republic of Venice	
249	Clement XIV, O.F.M. Conv.		19 May 1769	22 September 1774	Sant' Arcangelo di Romagna, Papal States	Member of the Conventual Franciscan Order. Suppressed the Jesuit Order.
250	Pius VI		15 February 1775	29 August 1799	Cesena, Papal States	Condemned the French Revolution and was expelled from the Papal States by French troops from 1798 until his death.
251	Pius VII, O.S.B.		14 March 1800	20 August 1823	Cesena, Papal States	Member of the Order of Saint Benedict. Present at Napoleon's coronation as Emperor of the French. Temporarily expelled from the Papal States by the French between 1809 and 1814.
<b>19th Century</b>						

Sl. No.	Papal Name	Photo	Elected Date	Died Date	Place of birth	Notes
252	Leo XII		28 September 1823	10 February 1829	Genga or Spoleto, Papal States	
253	Pius VIII		31 March 1829	1 December 1830	Cingoli, Marche, Papal States	
254	Gregory XVI, O.S.B. Cam.		2 February 1831	1 June 1846	Belluno, Republic of Venice	Member of the Camaldolese Order. The last non-bishop to be elected
255	Bd. Pius IX, O.F.S.		16 June 1846	7 February 1878	Senigallia, Marche, Papal States	Opened First Vatican Council; lost the Papal States to Italy. Longest serving pope in history (see note on St Peter.)
256	Leo XIII, O.F.S.		20 Feb. 1878	20 July 1903	Carpineto Romano, Rome département, French Empire (now Italy)	Issued the encyclical on social teaching, Rerum Novarum (On Capital and Labor) and supported Christian democracy as against communism; the third-longest reigning pope after Pius IX and John Paul II.

Sl. No.	Papal Name	Photo	Elected Date	Died Date	Place of birth	Notes
<b>20th Century</b>						
257	St Pius X		4 Aug 1903	20 August 1914	Riese, Lombardy-Venetia, Austrian Empire	Encouraged and expanded reception of Holy Communion. Most recent pope to be canonized.
258	Benedict XV		3 Sep 1914	22 January 1922	Genoa, Kingdom of Sardinia	Credited for intervening for peace during World War I. Remembered by Pope Benedict XVI as "prophet of peace".
259	Pius XI		6 Feb 1922	10 February 1939	Desio, Lombardy-Venetia, Austrian Empire	Signed the Lateran Treaty with Italy, establishing the Vatican City as a sovereign state.
260	Ven. Pius XII		2 Mar 1939	9 October 1958	Rome, Italy	Invoked papal infallibility in encyclical <i>Munificentissimus Deus</i> .
261	Bd. John XXIII		28 Oct 1958	3 June 1963	Sotto il Monte, Bergamo, Italy	Opened Second Vatican Council; sometimes called "Good Pope John".
262	Servant of God Paul VI		21 Jun 1963	6 August 1978	Concesio, Brescia, Italy	The last pope to be crowned with the Papal Tiara. First pope to travel to the United States. Concluded Second Vatican Council.
263	Servant of God John Paul I		26 Aug 1978	28 September 1978	Forno di Canale, Veneto, Italy	First pope to use 'the First' in regnal name. First pope with two names, for his two immediate predecessors. Died early into a charismatic reign.
264	Bd. John Paul II		16 Oct 1978	2 April 2005	Wadowice, Poland	First Polish pope and first non-Italian pope in 455 years. Canonized more saints than all predecessors. Travelled extensively. Longest serving pope since Pius IX (1846–1878) and 2nd longest serving pope to date (see note on St Peter).
<b>21st Century</b>						
265	Benedict XVI		19 Apr 2005	31 December 2022	Marktl am Inn, Bavaria, Germany	First German pope since Stephen IX in 1057. Oldest to become pope since Clement XII in 1730. On 28th February, 2013 Pope Benedict XVI resigned.
266	Francis I		13 Mar 2013	21 April 2025	Flores, Buenos Aires, Argentina	First pope from Latin America, the first Jesuit to become pope, and the first to take the name Francis.

### Notes on numbering of popes

- 1 A number of anomalies in the list given above need further explanation:
- 2 Felix II (356–357), Boniface VII (974, 984–985), John XVI (997–998), Benedict X (1058–1059) and Alexander V (1409–1410) are not listed because they are considered antipopes.[5]
- 3 The numbering of popes named Felix has been amended to omit antipope Felix II; however, most lists still call the last two Felixes Felix III and Felix IV. Additionally, there was an antipope Felix V.[5]
- 4 There has never been a pope John XX as a result of confusion of the numbering system in the 11th century.[6]
- 5 Pope-elect Stephen, who died before being consecrated, has not been on the Vatican's official list of popes since 1961, but appears on lists dating from before 1960.[6] The numbering of following popes called Stephen are now a days given as Pope Stephen II
- 6 When Simon de Brion became pope in 1281, he chose to be called Martin. At that time, Marinus I and Marinus II were mistakenly considered to be Martin II and Martin III respectively, and so, erroneously, Simon de Brion became Pope Martin IV.[7]
- 7 Pope Donus II, said to have reigned about 974, never existed. The belief resulted from the confusion of the title dominus (lord) with a proper name. (Pope Joan also probably never existed; however, legends about her may have originated from stories about
- 8 The status of Antipope John XXIII was uncertain for hundreds of years, and was finally settled in 1958 when Angelo Giuseppe Roncalli announced his own name as John XXIII. Baldassare Cossa, who was Antipope John XXIII, served as a Cardinal of the reunited